

Section 2 Notetaking Study Guide

Question to Think About As you read Section 2 in your textbook and take notes, keep this section focus question in mind: **How did abolitionists try to end slavery?**

► Complete this chart to record key information from the section.

The Fight Against Slavery	
Roots of the Antislavery Movement	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1780: <u>Pennsylvania</u> became the first state to pass a law gradually ending slavery. Ohio was the first state to _____. By 1804, _____ had ended or pledged to end slavery. The American Colonization Society _____, but it was _____. 	
Growing Opposition to Slavery	
Abolitionists <ul style="list-style-type: none"> definition: _____ 	
William Lloyd Garrison <ul style="list-style-type: none"> important abolitionist leader who founded the newspaper <u>the Liberator</u> in 1831 supported giving all African Americans _____ cofounded the _____ 	
David Walker <ul style="list-style-type: none"> wrote _____ in 1829, a pamphlet that called on enslaved people to _____ 	
Frederick Douglass <ul style="list-style-type: none"> an escaped _____ and powerful _____ published the <i>North Star</i>, an _____ 	
John Quincy Adams <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As a member of Congress, he read _____. spoke to the Supreme Court for _____ 	
The Underground Railroad	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> definition: _____ “conductors”: <u>people who helped runaway slaves move between “stations”</u> “stations”: usually _____ Harriet Tubman: nicknamed _____, escorted _____ 	
Opposition to Abolition	
In the North: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Northern textile mill owners and merchants relied on cotton produced by <u>enslaved people</u>. Northern workers feared that _____. 	
In the South: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> defended slavery as a _____ Southerners in Congress won passage of a “gag rule,” which blocked discussion of _____. 	

Refer to this page to answer the Chapter 12 Focus Question on page 197.